GEO. F. TIMMS

HARRY B. PARKER

GEO. F. TIMMS & CO.

Mave completed all their preparations, and are now en tirely ready for business.

GEO. F. TIMMS & CO.

Have a stock of clothing for large and small men Youths, Boys and Children, from which any taste car be suited or any wishes as to quality or price accommo

GEO. F. TIMMS & CO.

Conduct their business upon just and fair principles marked in plain figures, and no deviation is allowed.

GEO. F. TIMMS & CO.

ou to call; you will receive polite attention not be urged to buy, but be heartily thanked for any

400 N. W. CORNER 7TH AND D STREETS

THE AVENUE CLOTHING HOUSE

AVENUE CLOTHING HOUSE.
AVENUE CLOTHING HOUSE. PENNA. AVENUE, PENNA. AVENUE.
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DEPARTMENT Complete Stock of all the OVERCOATS. LATEST STYLES, OVERCOATS OVERCOATS at prices that are lower than those of We have an IMMENSE ASSORTMENT to select from,

Receiving New Styles
Daily,
at prices lower than
any other house. We have The Handsomest Patterns to be found in the market, which will be offered at prices that are lower than those of any other house.

STYLES. STYLES. STYLES. STYLES. STYLES. STYLES.

We make a SPECIALTY CLOTHING. CLOTHING. BOYS' CLOTHING. and would invite Parents and Guardians To Examine Our Stock sefore purchasing elsewhere, as they will find our prices lower CLOTHING, than those of any other house. CLOTHING.

A. STRAUS. AVENUE CLOTHING HOUSE,

939 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

OPERA GLASSES.

Have opened to-day, a large assortment of OPERA SLASSES, at unusually low prices. SAM'L LEWIS' SONS,

JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS, 1215 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

STEINMETZ. 1237 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. OPENING OF LADIES' FURS. SEAL DOLMANS AND SACQUES.

Fur-lined Garments of the Latest Patterns. Great Variety of FUR TRIMMING.

ACE CURTAINS. MADAME PIERRE
Is still at her old establishment, 713 11th street n. w., and want the general public to know that it is the only place in this city that Curtains can be done up equal to o7-1m.

JAY GOULD, The Boston Picture Man, 421 9TH ST. N. W.—Pictures, Frames, Japanes ds, Xmas Cards and Novelties for ladies and child

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS FROM 4 TO 10 YEARS. interested are invited to call and inspect them, at SCRIBNER'S BICYCLE SCHOOL,
TALLMADGE HALL,
No. 928 F street northwest.

Vol. 58-No. 8,921.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1881.

TWO CENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE MASS MEETING WHICH WAS ANnounced for TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) EVENING, October 8th, at McKendree M. E. Church, is
postponed until further notice.
By order of the COMMITTEE.

1to

WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.—Mrs. S. M. I. HENRY, at Wesley Chapel, corner 5th and F streets northwest, THIS EVENING at 7:30. Subject—Why do so many children of Christian homes go to ruin. She will also speak TO-MORROW MORNING, at 11 o'clock. Come. It GRAND LODGE, F. A. A. M., OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The annual communication of the Grand Lodge, F. A. A. M., of the District of Columbia, will be held at Masonic Temple, on WEDNESDAY, November 9th, at 6

Pelock p.m.
By order of M. W. Grand Master.
n7-2t W. R. SINGLETON, Grand Secretary.

The Trustees of the MUTUAL PROTECTION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of the District have declared a dividend of twenty (20) per cent of the current year's premium on all policies in force during the entire year ending 28th inst., same payable in cash or applied in payment of next year's premium. New policies taken out before the 28th inst. will share in any dividend that may be declared at the close of the next year.

JAMES E. FITCH, Secretary, n5-3t

1437 Penna. ave. (Corcoran Building.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOV. 3D, 1881. The firm of RIGGLES & HOPKINS is this day Dissolved by mutual consent. The business heretofore conducted by said firm will hereafter be conducted by THOS. RIGGLES, at the old stand, corner Pennsylvania avenue and 19th street.

THOMAS RIGGLES. IRA W. HOPKINS.

In retiring from the firm of Riggles & Hopkins, I most cordially and earnestly commend my successor to the patronage of my friends and the public generally.

IRA W. HOPKINS. WASHINGTON, D.C., NOVEMBER 1, 1881.
The firm of J. C. ERGOOD & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. C. ERGOOD will sign in liquidation. FRANK HUME. J. C. ERGOOD.

WASHINGTON, D.C., NOVEMBER 1, 1881. The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm name of J. C. ERGOOD & CO., for the purpose of conducting the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS at the old stand. No. 915 Louisiana avenue and 918 and 920 C street northwest.

JESSE C. ERGOOD. JULIUS HUGLE. CHAS. C. HOMER. THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE COLUM-BIAN BANK NOTE COMPANY are hereby no-tified that a meeting will be held at the Office of said

RIFLE PR ompany, in Washington, on THURSDAY, November 17, 1881, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Trustees for the ensuing year.

WALTER S. COX, President. J. D. MARTIN, Secretary.

ON AND AFTER TO-MORROW, NOVEMBER 1st, 1881, our branch yard, corner 2d street and Indiana avenue, will be discontinued, and our only yard and office will be at our mill, foot south Capitol street, where we will be pleased to receive all orders. Telephonic connections.

BOOTH, WEMPLE & SMITH. BOOTH, WEMPLE & SMITH. EUREKA SPRINGS WATER (from Arkansas), Summit, Deep Rock, Geyser (Saratoga), Be-thesda, Blue Lick, Bedford, Salurian, Michigan, Con-gress Water, and other Natural Waters, freshly received, and for sale on draught at

MILBURN'S PHARMACY, 1429 Pennsylvania avenue. GAS FIXTURES. E. F. BROOKS, with Mitchell, Vance & Co.'s goods and a quarter of a century practical experience. I can meet all competition and sell at LOWEST RATES. Immense Stock. Fine selection. Retort Gas Stoves, reduced rates.

E. F. BROOKS, 531 15th street.

E. F. BROOKS, 531 15th street.

ATTORNEYS.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
342 D STREET,
Opposite City Hall.

HENRY WISE GARNETT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 2 Columbian Law Building, 5th st., bet. D and E,
Washington, D. C. F. JANNUS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, ROOM 31, LE Droit Building, corner 8th and F streets northwest. Solicitor and Associate Counsel in Patent Cases. 024-4w\*

Attorney-at-Law, Has removed his office to Rooms 6 and 8, Gunton Law Building, Louisiana avenue, near City Hall. jy25-6m

TOHN MORAN,

2126 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND 428 9TH NORTHWEST, LATROBES, Cox, Whiteman & Cox's Celebrated Splendid and Rugby and other RANGES and HEATING STOVES, Novelty FURNACES, &c. PLUMBING, TIN-ROOFING, JOBBING, STOVE

REPAIRS, &c. A No. 7 RANGE, with all the fixtures, \$14.

onnected to Telephone Exchange. o6-1m, 1p HAYWARD & HUTCHINSON,

317 NINTH STREET.

HAVE AN ENTENSIVE STOCK OF GOODS IN ALI THEIR LINES.

FURNACES, RANGES, LATROBE STOVES, SLATE MANTELS. GRATES, &c.

SPECIAL FEATURE OF OUR BUSINESS.

We give Favorable Estimates for New Constructions in all our branches.

RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED TO PERSONS LOOKING FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT IN REAL

ESTATE. Read THOS. E. WAGGAMAN'S Auction Sale in "The Star," of that fine Property, corner 5th and M streets northwest, on SATURDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER FIFTH, at FOUR O'CLOCK, and then call at our Office, corner 6th street and New York avenue, and examine the Plat of the Property, where all information

Chance to Invest in Property that is Always Rented, and Will Pay Big Returns on the Investment.

will be given.

WILLET & LIBBEY.

MPORTANT TO TAX-PAYERS!

BEFORE PAYING SPECIAL TAX BILLS OR GENERAL TAXES DUE PREVIOUS TO 1878, SAVE A DISCOUNT BY CALLING UPON

WILLIAM DICKSON, 222 4% STREET NORTHWEST, n1-1m Three doors above Columbia Building

RABEK TEA A POSITIVE CURE MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER. 25 CENTS A PACKAGE.

M. ELOCZEWSKI'S PHARMACY, 423 9th street north

Washington News and Gossip.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY .- Internal reveiue, \$777,760.58; customs, \$683.713.91. THE WHITE HOUSE.—The President will not take up his abode in the White House until sometime in December. The repairs and improvements will

not be finished before that time. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYSHIP.—It is currently reported that the President will appoint Mr. Chas. Reed, of Chicago, attorney for the District of Columbia, in place of Col. Corkhill, if Mr. Reed will accept the office. Further, that the latter has been asked if he would accept, and holds the mat-

ter under advisement. FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL HATTON returned with his family from Iowa last night. To-day Mr. Hatton, in the absence of Mr. James, is acting Postmaster General, and will continue to so act until the head of the department returns.

ACTING PAYMASTER GENERAL OF THE NAVY .-The chief clerk of the division of provisions and clothing, is acting paymaster general of the navy. At present there is no paymaster general. The nomination of Watmough to the place, owing to the fight then and still in progress, was not con-firmed by the Senate. It was allowed to go over. resident Arthur has made no appointment since. It is a question which involves legal points if the President can reappoint Watmough before the Senate again convenes. There are opinions both ways. It is likely that no solution upon which President Arthur will act will be arrived at, and that until the assembling of Congress the chief clerk of the division of provisions and clothing, will continue to act as paymaster general.

NAVAL ORDERS.-Lieut. W.C. Strong, to the naval signal office, Washington, D. C. Passed Assistant yard. Cadet G. H. Ball, to the Powhatan. Midshipnan W. L. Todd, from the Tennessee and placed on sick leave. Passed Assistant Surgeon J. A. Tanner, from duty under the national board of health, and placed on waiting orders. Lieutenant Commander J. K. Winn to temporary duty as inspector of the seventh light-house district. Lieutenant S. H. May to the League Island navy yard. Lieutenant C. E. Vreeland to duty in the "Nautical Almanae" office. Lieutenant J. D. Keeler to the Saratoga, November 10th. Master G. W. Mentz and Ensign Lucien Flynne to examination for promotion. Medical Inspector J. C. Spear as a member of the medical examining board. Lieutenant

RIFLE PRACTICE IN GEN. HANCOCK'S MILITARY take part in rifle firing for places in the team of the military division of the Atlantic: 1st Lieut. A. C. Taylor, 2d artillery; 1st Lieut. W. B. Homer, 5th artillery; 1st Sergeant A. Stuart, 2d artillery; 1st Sergeant W. F. Eckardt,5th artillery; Sergeant T. W. Guinan, 5th artillery; Corporal J. Byrnes, 5th artillery; Corporal J. A. Gibbens, 5th artillery; Corporal D. Hayes, 5th artillery, and privates B. Worthington, J. H. Festos, Charles Rickard and A. Hartzmetz, all of the 5th artillery.

COMMISSIONER RAUM AND THE TAX ON WHISKY .-In his report to the Secretary of the Treasury, which will be submitted to Congress at the coming ground against the proposed reduction of the regard it with favor. On questions of this character the Commissioner does not regard it as in his tions, holding that it is for Congress to regulate the taxes. He will submit a showing of the revenue derived at the present rate of tax on whisky, and will probably state that the proposed reduction from 90 to 50 cents per gallon would not benefit either the producer or consumer, but that all the benefit would be derived by "middlemen" who handle the whisky after it is made and before the consumer gets it. The commissioner will probably take substantially the same position that he held with regard to the tobacco tax; that it will cut down the revenue without benefitting the general public. The whisky trade will oppose the reduction, it is said, as millions of gallons of whisky now held in bond would be reduced in value by the proposed change in the tax. The weight of the influence of the revenue bureau will, no doubt, be against the reduction.

A NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD, with Pay Director Ino. S. Cunningham as president, Pay Directors Murray and Russell as members, and J. C. Dulin as recorder, is ordered to assemble at the Navy de-

THERE IS A LITTLE UNPLEASTNESS in the War department. It grows out of the publication of the annual reports of bureau officers of that department. For a long time it has been the custom of officers who make bureau reports to the Secretary of War to give them to the press at their own convenience when they were ready to go out. Secretary Lincoln announced some time ago that as soon as he had completed the examination of these reports he would give them out in a lump and not before. Acting upon the custom of past years The Star got hold of General Benet's report and printed it. This was followed up by the publication of other reports which go to the Secretary of Secretary Lincoln was displeased the reports should go he gave his permis

out be-sion. He regarded it as a breach of official courtesy. It which was filed, which has not been discussed, and might be stated that he regards it as a gross viola- | which required the production of the papers in the tion of official etiquette. The result of it all has custody of the Postmaster General before the Disbeen that the Secretary has addressed a circular letter to the heads of the different army bureaus tion of the defendants. But that motion, apart calling their attention to what he considers a lack | from the fact that it has not been discussed, would of courtesy towards him, and requesting that be manifestly improper until the question is de-in the future their annual reports be left to termined whether or not the information shall be the head of the War department and the discrewhen they shall be given to the press. It is but justice to the officers who have given their reports to the press to say that they have acted only upon

INDIAN CONFERENCE AT THE INTERIOR DEPART-MENT.-A delegation of Sacs and Fox Indians, located in Iowa, had an audience with Secretary Kirkwood this morning touching the payment of PLUMBING IN CITY RESIDENCES IS MADE THE | some \$20,000 which is due them. Before the money is paid the government, of course, requires the signing of the necessary papers. The Indians evidently have a fine opinion of Uncle Sam's integrity. They have an idea that it is the intention to defraud them in some way, and as yet they have refused to sign the papers. The chief of the delegation is a powerfully built young buck, whose covering from the neck to the waistband is a splendid shade of deep blue paint. Only this

Senate restaurant, which has been closed since summer, the term of possession of the gentleman then holding it having expired. Among those who have applied for it are John Chamberlain, Mr. Freund, Mr. Sanderson, Mr. Gautier, Mr. Burras (formerly of Welcker's) and Mr. Lake, now of the Senate document room. There has been a good deal of complaint in the past about the high prices charged at the Senate and House restaurants. The occupants are not required to pay any rent, and their gas and fuel costs them nothing. Senators have suggested that in view of this the schedule of prices ought not to be above those of first-class restaurants in the city. When Mr. Lake put in his application it seems he submitted a list of prices which he was willing to abide by. This list is said to have been about thirty per cent below the prices formerly charged. President pro tempore Davis then decided to require each applicant to submit his schedule of prices, together with other suggestions as to his manner of conducting the restaurant. Proposals of this character have been made out, and Senator Davis will examine them and decide upon an appointment upon his return. Under the rules of the Senate the Vice President has control of the restaurant and other privileges, while on Don't fail to give this your attention, as this is a Rare | the House side the committee on public buildings and grounds controls the letting of the restaurant and the Speaker dispenses corridor privileges.

> PERSONAL.-Hon. W. H. Simpson, of the Belfast (Me.) Journal, a veteran and successful newspaper man, is in the city on a brief visit. --- Mr. and Mrs. Algernon Sartoris and two of their children arrived in New York on Saturday, and are staying with General and Mrs. Grant. They left their youngest child at home in England. —Admiral Gore Jones, formerly naval attache of the British legation here, is now in London, with his wife. —Senator Lapham is at the Arlington. —Messrs Pruden, Hendley and Morton, of the White House clerical force, are away from the city on short leaves of absence. —The marriage of Clara Louise Kellogg to Mr. Whitney, a wealthy New York gentleman, is announced to take place at the close of her present engagement, at the home of one of her friends near Chicago. —Ex-Representative Warner, of Ohio, is at the National. —"The Oscar Wilde of Pennsylvania politics," is what "S. M.," wilde of Pennsylvania politics," is what "S. M.," the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Erening Star, calls Mr. would-be ex-Attorney General MacVeagh. —Senators Aldrich, Jones of Nevada, Jones of Florida, and Voorhees were in New York yesterday. —Assistant Postmaster General Hatton has arrived nere with his family. They are quartered at the Ebbitt. —Chief Clerk John which, it is expected, he will occupy on Saturday next. —Senator Beck, of Kentucky, has engaged rooms at the Arlington, which, it is expected, he will occupy on Saturday next. —Senator Beck, of Kentucky, has engaged rooms for himself and family at the Portland Flats, on Vernaont avenue. Senators Farley, Jonas and Mahone have also engaged rooms at the same place, —Mr. Phillips, who is acting as one of the secretaries for President Arthur, left the city today. —Readon and superior ability in the presented in this acceptance with the subject of the president and cannonged to the secretaries for President Arthur, left the city today. —Readon and superior ability in the presented in this acceptance in this acceptance in the part of the president in this acceptance in the port of the president in this serior of the president in this acceptance in the part of the president in this case by rare wisdom and Algernon Sartoris and two of their children arrived in New York on Saturday, and are staying with General and Mrs. Grant. They left their youngest child at home in England.—Admiral Gore Jones, formerly naval attaché of the British Nevada, Jones of Florida, and Voorhees were in New York yesterday.—Assistant Postmaster General Hatton has arrived here with his family. They are quartered at the Ebbitt.—Chief Clerk John W. Hogg, of the Navy department, returned to the city to-day.—Judge Folger, the new Secretary of the Treasury, has engaged rooms at the Arlington, which, it is expected, he will occupy on Saturday next.—Senator Beck, of Kentucky, has engaged rooms for himself and family at the Portland Flats, on Vermont avenue. Senators Farley, Jonas and Mahone have also engaged rooms at the same place,—Mr. Phillips, who is acting as one of the secretaries for President Arthur, left the city to-day for New York.

STAR ROUTE CASES. ARGUMENT OF MR. W. A. COOK.

HIS DEFENCE OF THE COURSE OF THE PROSECUTION.

At about a quarter of ten o'clock this morning Mr. W. A. Cook, accompanied by four or five young men with their arms filled with law books, made his appearance in the Criminal Court room. The usual crowd was early in attendance. The jurors having taken their places, the crier announced that the witnesses in the cases ready for trial were discharged until Thursday morning next at ten

Counsel on both sides came into court-Messrs. Brewster, Cook and Corkhill for the government; Messrs. Totten and Wilson for the defendants. Mr. Jeff. Chandler, of Gen. Brady's counsel, has gone to St. Louis, but will return. He looks like Edison, the inventor. Mr. Brewster, the government's counsel, wears a big breastpin, rings on four fingers, and a buckskin vest. Five of the counsel engaged in the trial are extremely bald headed.

MR. COOK IN OPENING INVOKES THE GREAT FIRST Mr. Cook said: If your honor please, it was Milhelp of the Great First Cause, and to offer up the Engineer J. P. Mickley, to the League Island navy in standing before your honor in the very commencement of the discussion which is proposed and invoking the aid of the Great First Cause, the creator of the body, the organizer of the heart, the creator of the brain; and I trust that I may be preserved from anything whatever that is improper in the progress of the discussion. Thirty-four years ago, in western Pennsylvania,

took the oath of office, registered and recorded in Heaven, and it was concluded with the impressive words, "So help me God!" It was the same year once to Governor's Island, New York harbor, to owe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conscientiously and, to the extent of my ability, fully performed; I owe a duty to the defendants in this case, which requires me to treat them fairly and

SCURRILITY, RIBALDRY AND VITUPERATION. It might be supposed that I would avail myself of this opportunity to reply to the scurrility, ribaldry and vituperation which at least a chief defendant has, through hired scribblers and through the press, thought fit to bestow upon the Attorney General, upon the Postmaster General and upon my associates and those associated with me. It cannot be done; this is not the proper place to do it. In the presence of your honor, as well as elsewhere, a lawyer, in addition to his other qualities, should invariably possess those of a gentieman, and this latter consideration will restrain me from any improper replies that might otherwise be justified in reference to personal as-saults upon the Attorney General, the Postmaster General, upon myself or any party associated

He said that Sydney Smith said there is no bet ter way to arrive at the truth than to reduce the discussion of the question to the smallest possible circle, and then render that circle as luminous as possible. Said he, "to follow this true and correct rule shall be to a great extent my purpose; and in doing so it may become important to refer

FEW FACTS CONNECTED WITH THE CASE." Said he, "on the 30th of September this information was filed. It was filed exactly as an indictment is filed. The grand jury after their deliberations enter into court, present their findings to your honor, and they are then, with the sanction of your honor, filed and become a part of the records of the court. The District Attorney, in connection with the special assistant attorney of the United States, on the 30th of September, came to the presence of your honor and asked permission to file the information which had been prepared, and to which was attached the signatures of the District Attorney and the special assistant. This was only pursuing the practice which had prevailed in relation to indictments. There was nothing unusual or extraordinary or startling in He then referred to the motion that was made on the 30th of September, first that the information should be filed and second that a warrant should issue. He then took up and read the motion of the defendants to strike from the files the information and to rescind the order of the court thereon. Having reached the ninth paragraph of the mo-tion he said: "The question presented for discus-sion is this: First, should so much of the order of

September 30 as allowed the information to be filed be rescinded, and the paper be stricken from the files of the court. There is a second motion. permitted to remain upon the files of the court. It own practice, and Dr. Townshend said he thought s very true that if the motion for the striking of the that many of the deaths that were returned to the information from the files of the court were granted, if the order of the court were rescinded granted, if the order of the court were rescinded that all the subsequent acts must be involved, and accompanying orders issued. But this would be because the information was unauthorized, not constituted by any authority possessed by your sanctioned by any authority possessed by your honor." He said, "it has been well-remarked in courts of justice that nothing is of more import-ple, and especially the prevalence of malaria. Dr. ance than correct rules of practice and strict adherence to them; and that questions should be considered only as formally presented to the court; otherwise perplexities and uncertainties prevail, and time is occupied by unexpected and embar-rassing controversy. If it is said that this is technical and evasive, I respond first, it is not; second, the technicalities, the exact and established rules of practice, are the handmaids and assistants which conduct to the substance, merits

and true conclusions of all judicial investigations.' Said he, "I approach then to COMPETITION FOR THE SENATE RESTAURANT PRIV- and first, apart from its terms, what is its nature? in the prevalence of malarial diseases in this city ILEGE.—There are a number of applicants for the In its nature it is unusual. In part, if sufficient In its nature it is unusual. In part, if sufficient opinion is based. It is apparent that this view of reasons exist for it, it might be granted. The order allowing the information to be filed might be rescinded; that part of the motion which contemplates the striking out and removing from the files of the court the information could not be. Courts will not so mutilate and efface its record." He then, referring to the argument of Col. Ingersoll, said: "This proceeding provoked the mirth, called forth the anecdotes, and produced the dogmatism of our Brother Ingersoll. He declared that it was the first time in all the ages of judicial rules and discussions that so enormous and atrocious a proposition had been made. If your honor please, let me correct the error and enlighten the darkness of the learned counsel. not from New York, but from the state of Illinois.

where it may be assumed that justice exists in purer and more elevated forms. He then cited a portion of the opinion of Justice Story, as con-tained in 1st Gallison, page 3. Said he, "Truly, a little learning is a dangerous thing. But why was it the gentleman saw fit in discussing this question to associate himself with an Illinois justice of the peace and a Chicago play house, instead of placing himself in the company of Story? His an-ecdote could have only had its existence in Illinois, and the play house from which he derived his second anecdote must have been located in the same state. It could not, from the nature of the you found to be most fatal? 5. Are fevers, &c. anecdotes, have been possible that their location could have been in the city of New York. They might have transpired in Indianapolis, in the state of Indiana, or in Wisconsin, from where my learned brothers Wilson and Totten have emi-

Mr. Wilson.-How about western Pennsylvania? Mr. Cook was still speaking when our report

The Guiteau Case.

LAWYER SCOVILLE NOT AFRAID OF THE JURY-LETTERS PROM CRANKS-THE INSANITY PLEA. "We are about through with our corresponience," said Mr. Scoville to a STAR reporter to-day, "and I am giving my time to study now." His table, which has been littered with letters for several weeks, bore evidence of the truth of his remarks, for it had been cleared of everything except a newspaper or two.

"The government will oppose you with a formidable array of lawyers" remarked THE STAR re-

"Yes," replied Mr. Scoville, "it is hardly fair. Unless Mr. Trude comes there will be no one but Robinson and I for the defence. The district at torney, too, can use all the agents of the government in preparing his case. Why in every place, where I have sent subpœnas for witnesses, there is a government employé on hand. The district attorney announced, when the case was first brought into court, that the government was ready. If I had had money I would have been very well prepared? "The 'appeal' seems to have obtained many

witnesses for you. "We could not have got along without that. All the subpœnas are out now, and I have some leisure for studying. The publication of the names of witnesses subpoensed for the defence in Boston was made against my wishes. The marshal probably gave the names out. I requested that the names be kept from the public. I thought the same privileges would be extended in this case as in a civil case. However, the publication has done no harm. ton, the great English poet, who, when entering I think now that people are beginning to look at this case without prejudice. I have little fears now about the jury. Of course, I expect them to be a little prejudice. It will be shown, on the trial, that prayer that whatever was imperfect in him might be restrained and corrected; whatever low, "lift up and illumine." I have no hesitancy whatever do not think that the history of the world affords a case of a man, who had lived to be forty years of age without crime, leading a re-ligious life, and not revengeful by nature, and then, without cause or passion and in his sound senses, shot another man down. On the other

hand, there are many cases where insane men have committed such an act." Mr. Scoville continues to receive letters from "eccentrics." George Francis Train's muse, however, has lately deserted him, and his communications come few and far between. One letter received by Mr. Scoville to-day contained sixteen closely written foolscap pages. The letter is dated at the Western Asylum, Kentucky, and the that your honor, in the District of Columbia, en- writer announces that he is "enjoying the banishtered into the temple of justice, and with a similar | ment of the asylum," the present status of society commander C. H. Pendleton to the Brooklyn as executive.

Lieutenant tered into the temple of justice, and with a similar to the asymm, the present status of some part of the asymm, the present status of the asymm, the present status of the status of the asymm, the present status of the asymm, the present status of the stat customed all through my life to say "we all have Guiteau, his "brother lunatic," as he calls him. bonds, 6 per cent for time loans, and 6a7 per cent I matus conscientius. The government it is under- the south for currency is steadily increasing. The owe a duty to the United States to-day, which duty shall be fully and faithfully performed; I owe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowe a duty to your honor, which duty shall be conowed as taking active steps to exploit the theory of insanity in Guiteau's case, a physician having been engaged to visit the jail and make studies of

The latest production from the pen of Guiteau and a number of valuable horses burned, among is addressed to Mr. C. M. Bell, of this city who them L. B. Field's fine stallion Austral, by important and a number of valuable horses burned, among them L. B. Field's fine stallion Austral, by important and a number of valuable horses burned, among them L. B. Field's fine stallion Austral, by important and a number of valuable horses burned, among the number of valuable horses burned, among them L. B. Field's fine stallion Austral, by important and a number of valuable horses burned, among the number of valuable horses burned, and a number of valuable horses bur photographed the assassin just after his arrest, and reads as follows: Mr. Bell:-This will introduce to you my attorney,

Geo. Scoville, esq., who wishes to talk with you about the royalty due me on my photographs. You know you have been supplying the country with them, and it is right that you should pay me a reasonable royalty. What will you give to settle without trouble or expense? Yours, truly, CHARLES GUITEAU. United States Jail, Washington D. C., Nov. 2,

Please give Mr. Scoville half dozen side view photographs for me. ISSUE OF MALPRACTICE NOT TO BE RAISED.

Mr. Scoville said, as to his intentions, that while there might be a basis for alleging malpractice he had always thought and is still of the opinion that the moral effect of such a defence would be hurtful to his client. He authorizes the statement that the moral effect of such a defence would be hurtful to his client. He authorizes the statement that the question of malpractice will not be raised. Mr. Trude, the Chicago lawyer concurs with Mr. Scoville upon this subject and in a letter to him says: "As to the question of malpractice I would touch on it lightly, if at all. Any prolonged discussion involving a narration of the wounded body of the dead President, the course of the bullet, the agony that he must have endured, the great length of his suffering—all these things are calculated to awaken feelings in the mind of the jury that might

induce them to forget the undoubted defence of insanity." ATTORNEY ROLLINS OF NEW YORK CITY has written to Acting Attorney General Phillips, he hoped and believed he could accept the invitation to assist in the prosecution of Guiteau, but could not give a definite answer for a few days.

On Saturday in Boston a deputy United States marshal summoned the following witnesses to testify in behalf of Guiteau: Rev. I. N. Tarbox, secretary of the American Educational Society Rev. Howard C. Dunham, secretary of the American Peace Society; Rev. John L. Withrow, pastor of the Park street church, and John W. Guiteau, brother of the prisoner.

The Healthfulness of Washington. cently appointed a committee to investigate the statements made outside the District as to the alleged unhealthfulness of Washington. That committee, consisting of Drs. Lindsey, (chairman,) J. E. Morgan, Noble Young, D. W. Prentiss, W. W. Johnson and Smith Townshend, held a two hours session at the office of the Health Officer Saturday night. All the physicians testified to the general healthfulness of the District, as shown by their Health Office as due to malaria were really from ple, and especially the prevalence of malaria. Dr. Lindsey was requested to formulate a report based upon the information contained in the replies to

the circular, and call the committee together again when ready to submit this for action. THE FOLLOWING IS THE CIRCULAR LETTER prepared by the committee and sent to all physicians of this city in good standing:

"WASHINGTON, November 7, 1881.

Dear Doctor:—In obedience to a resolution adopted by the Medical Society of the District of Columbia a committee has been appointed to take in consideration the question of the general belief and to inquire into the grounds upon which this abroad and that great injury is thereby done to its material prosperity.

The physicians of Washington are alone capable

of determining the truth in this matter, and it is their manifest duty to arrive at some well founded and definite conclu If the accepted opinion is not true, that diseased due to malarial influences prevail to an alarming extent in this city, it is our duty to correct the error and present the truth to the medical profes sion and the people of the country.

The committee invoke your aid and would be

glad if you will return answers to the following questions on the enclosed form as early as possi ble. Yours respectfully, HARVEY LINDSLEY, M. D., Then follows five interrogations: "1. Do you believe that malarial diseases prevail to the same extent as formerly in Washington? 2. In your practice do diseases clearly due to malarial influences present themselves in large proportion 3. What forms of malarial disease do you meet with most frequently? 4. From your experience do you think that malarial diseases cause many deaths, and what form of malarial diseases have

The answers to these letters will form the base of the report of the committee to the Medical THE BONDS of thirteen postmasters who were confirmed at the recent session of the Senate have been received at the Post Office department and

due to malarial influences confined more or less t

certain localities or are they equally prevalent in

all parts of the city?"

approved since the President's departure. Com-missions have been prepared and are awaiting the President's return for his signature. SECRETARY KIRKWOOD is engaged daily in preparing his annual report to Congress.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE LORING returned to the city last evening from Atlanta, Ga., where he has been in attendance upon the exposition, and was at his desk to-day. HENRY A. GRISWOLD was to-day commissioned

postmaster at Anacostia, in the District of Columbia, in place of John H. Martin, deceased. Martin was appointed last July. SUIT AGAINST A STREET RAILMOAD COMPANY.—To-day Mr. H. W. Garnett, for John Pole by his ext friend, E. N. Moxley, entered suit against the Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company for damages (laid at \$20,000) by reason of having on May 17th, 1881, been thrown from a car of said company, which he alleges was because of negligence, and the car passing partly over him in such a manner as to wound him and deprive him from following his vocation—apprenticed to the blacksmith trade—permanently disabling him. A Fight with the Apaches.

FOUR INDIANS KILLED AND THREE WOMEN AND CHILDREN CAPTURED. San Francisco, November 7.—A Tucson dispatch of yesterday says: "Information is just received of fight between the hostile Apaches, under Chiefs Vao and Dravo, and U.S. cavalry, in Apache county, in which four Indians were killed and three women and children captured. The Apaches were scattered by the engagement, and are making towards San Carlos agreement. wards San Carlos agency.

In Foreign Lands.

DEBATE ON THE TUNISIAN QUESTION. LONDON, November 7.- The Paris correspondent of the Times says Saturday's debate in the cham-ber of deputies on the Tunisian question is one of the greatest parliamentary disappointments which has been known for ten years.

BISMARCK'S SLANDER SUIT. A Berlin dispatch to the *Times* reports that Prince Bismarck has brought an action for slander against Herr Von Bunsen, secessionist, arising from a speech of Herr Von Bunsen to his constitu-

FRIGHTFUL MORTALITY IN INDIA. LONDON, November 7.—The correspondent of the Times at Dargeeling, India, says the deaths from earnest prayers that His bounties may continue to epidemic choleraic fever at Umritsir amount to us and to our children. the past few years.

ATHENS, November 7.—A statue of Lord Byron has been unveiled at Missolonghi, where he died. The ceremony was attended by great popular

Wall Street To-day.

NEW YORK, November 7.—The Post's financial article (1:40 p.m. edition) says: At the Stock Exchange United States bonds are dull and steady; railroad bonds strong and southern state bonds dull and steady. The share speculation continues to run almost exclusively to specialties. These, in the early dealings, were buoyant. Richmond & Danville advanced 4½ per cent to 119½, D. &. R. G. ½ to 85½, Texas & Pacific 1½ to 59, Norfolk & Western ptd. 1½ to 57, K. & T. 1½ to 43½, Col. coal 1½ to 53½, Erie 1 to 48½ and Missouri Pacific 1 to 107. The general list during this time of the control 1 to 107. The general list during this time advanced a fraction, but was dull. Evidently the early advance was taken advantage of to sell, and since 11 o'clock Richmond & Danville has fallen 4 per cent and the remainder of the list a fraction. The market as we write being extremely dull and in tone barely steady. It was expected that Trunk line railroad rates would be put up to-day, but an advance has not yet been reported. The advance in D. & R. G. is dull to the expectation that the unlisted bonds of the company will soon be placed on the stock exchange. In the money He says Guiteau is suffering with inflam- for prime mercantile paper. The demand from market for foreign exchange is very dull.

> Valuable Horses Burned. DANVILLE, Ky., November 7.—The training sta-bles of Warren A. Russell were destroyed by fire ed Australia, dam Coral, by Vandal, and a fine mare belonging to Dr. J. P. Warren.

BALTIMORE, November 7.—Virginia 6's, consols, 81; do. past due coupons, 94%, do. new ten-forties, 52% bid to-day.

BALTIMORE, November 7.—Cotton quiet—middling, 11%. Flour very dull and heavy—Howard street and western super, 4.75a5.50; do. extra, 5.75a6.50; do. family, 6.75a7.50; city mills super, 5.00a5.75; do. extra, 6.00a6.50; do. family, 7.75a8.00; do. Rio brands, 7.50 a7.62; Patapsco family, 8.25. Wheat, southern dull, weak and lower; western irregular, closing easier—southern red, 1.33a1.38; do. amber, 1.43a1.48; No. 2 western winter red, spot and November, 1.38%; December, 1.41%a1.41%; January, 1.45a1.45%; February, 1.48a1.48%. Corn, southern a shade higher; Pennsylvania, 49a50. Rye dull 1.05a1.08. Hay easier, closing with more firmness—prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland, 18.00a24.00. Provisions quiet—mess pork, 18.00. Bulk meats—shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 8½ and 10. Bacon—shoulders, 9½; clear rib sides, 11½. Hams, 13½a14¾. Lard—refened, 12¾. Butter steady—western grass, 18a25. Eggs firm. 26a27. Petroleum nominal—refined, 7½. Coffee quiet—Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair, 9a11. Sugar quiet—A soft, 10½. Whisky quiet, 1.17a1.17½. Freights to Liverpool per steamer firm—cotton, 3-16a¼d.; flour, 2s. per barrel; grain, 4a 4½d. Receipts—flour, 1,117 barrels; wheat, 46,666 bushels; corn, 35,860 bushels; oats, 3,256 bushels; rye, 715 bushels. Shipments—wheat, 28,000 bushels; corn, 77,015 bushels. Sales—wheat, 407,220 bushels; corn, 76,598 bushels.

NEW YORK, November 7.—Stocks weak. Money, 5a6. Exchange—long, 480¾; short, 484¾. State bonds dull and nominal. Governments quiet and firm. Cotton quiet.

Cotton quiet.

NEW YORK, November 7.—Flour dull and heavy.
Wheat ½3½ cent lower. Corn unchanged. Pork dull
and weak, 17.50. Lard heavy, 11.32½. Spirits turpentine, 53½. Rosin, 255. Freights firm.

LONDON, November 7, 4 p. m.—Consols—for
money, 100 3-16; for the account, 100½. Atlantic and
Great Western first mortgage trustees' certificates, 56.
Erie, 49½. New York Central, 144½. Illinois Central,
137. New York, Ontario and Western, 34½.

The Charges Against the Ninth Massachusetts. THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE AT WORK IN THIS

The Healthfulness of Washington.

MEETING OF THE MEDICAL SOCIETY COMMITTER.

It was mentioned in Saturday's Star that the Medical Society of the District of Columbia recently appointed a committee to investigate the statements made outside the District as to the alleged unhealthfulness of Washington. That comevening, and are stopping at the Arlington. Having finished their investigation in Virginia, they are now making inquiries in this city, as to the conduct of the regiment in this city. Mr. Lawrence stated to a STAR reporter this morning that the committee had not yet made its report, and all publications purporting to represent what the committee would report were unauthorized. The committee, he said, would not make a report until it reached Boston, and meanwhile would decline

to give out anything for publication.

A dispatch from Boston says that the colonel the 9th Massachusetts regiment has received a let-ter from E. B. Grubb, colonel of the New Jersey battalion, denying that reports detrimental to the Massachusetts regiment were originated or circu-lated by him or members of his battalion. He says that as field officer of the day he had nothing to report of the 9th Massachusetts except their excel-lent drill, and states that the injurious reports emanated from editorial columns of Richmond

to-day, and a search of the records failed to derelop any charge against any member of the regiment while they were in this city. A certificate to that effect was given, and the committee took the 2 o'clock train for home.

Masonic Mutual Relief Association. THE ANNUAL REPORT—AN INTERESTING SHOWING.

the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of this District has just been issued by the secretary, and Herrell, report of the finance committee and report of the secretary. In the address of the first named he states "in the last annual report it was mentioned that an application would be made to Congress to have the charter amended so as to permit of certain changes, which nearly all thought desirable. A memorial was presented setting forth the necessary amendments, but unfortunately they were not enacted into law. When Congress meets this year another effort will be made which may result more favorably." The report of the Dashaways was held last evening at Lincoln the Dashaways was held last evening at Lincoln that held, Mr. H. B. Moulton in the chair, the singing being conducted by Prof. George Gallaher. Seated on the platform were Mrs. M. J. S. Hicks, of Illinois; Miss Cleveland, of Dakota; Rev. C. W. Denison read a poem, which is to be set to make the platform were made by Mrs. Henry; of may result more favorably." The report of the finance committee shows receipts from assessments, advance deposits, applications, interests, &c., to have been \$39,573.40, which was paid to the treasurer and deposited with Riggs & Co., which, with cash on hand at the time of the last report, makes altogether \$41,306.97, of which amount \$39,768.65 has been paid to beneficiaries, and for current expenses, leaving present balance on deposit, \$1,432.10. This added to balance over all liabilities in the last annual statement, \$10.190.52, makes the present balance over all liabilities \$11,622.62, which justifies the payment of the next assessment from the surplus fund. The report of the secretary shows that there were 21 deaths during the year; 37 stricken from the roll for non-payment of dues, and 9 resignations. The average age of members admitted this year is 37 years, and the mortality rate has been 1.27 per cent making the mortality rate has been 1.27 per cent. making the cost of insurance \$13.93 per \$1,000, and the average yearly cost of insurance since the organization, \$12.89 per \$1,000. The secretary states in closing that he has been a director for eleven years and secretary for seven years, and that on account of increased inconvenience in connection with his other private duties, he will not again become a candidate for re-election.

POLICEMAN BADLY WOUNDED.-While Officer A POLICEMAN BADLY WOUNDED.—While Officer B. F. Shanks was patrolling his beat in the seventh precinct, about 11 o'clock last night, he was requested to arrest a refractory boy secreted in his father's stable, in an alley on L street, between 1st and North Capitol streets. Entering the alley for this "urpose the policeman was attacked by a man named Massey Roach, who cut him twice—once on the cheek near the eye, and again on the neck below the ear. Shanks pursued him and mptied his revolver at him, but, being partly blinded by blood, did not hit him. The wounds are of a serious nature.

Is Hanlan Afraid of Ross?—A telegram from St. John, N. B., November 4, says:—"Wallace Ross will return here next week, his race with Hanlan being off. Reliable authority says Ross recently made an offer to Hanlan to row in St. Louis, but that Hanlan declined. He then offered to give him \$1,500 to row at Portland, Me., but Hanlan again refused. Ross, seeing no possibility of getting on a race this season, had the race declared off. The feeling here is that Hanlan is afraid of Ross."

THANKSGIVING DAY, 1881.

Proclamation by the President.

The following proclamation was received by the Department of State in this afternoon's mail from President Arthur, in New York: BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION. It has long been the pious custom of our people, with the closing of the year, to look back upon the

blessings brought to them in the changing course of the seasons, and to return solemn thanks of the seasons, and to return solemn thanks to the All giving Service from Whom they flow. And although at this period, when the calling leaf admonishes us that the time of our sacred duty is at hand, our nation still lies in the shadow of a great bereavement, and the mourning which has filled our hearts still finds its sorrowful expression toward the God oefore whom we but lately bowed in grief and supplication, yet the countless benefits which supplication, yet the countless benefits which have showered upon us during the past twelvementh call for our fervent gratitude and make it fitting that we should rejoice with thankfulness that the Lord, in his infinite mercy has most signally favored our country and our people. Peace without and pros-perity within have been vouchsafed to us, no pestilence has visited our shores, the abundant privileges of freedom which our fathers left us in their wisdom are still our increasing heritage, -and if, in parts of our vast domain, sore affiction has visited our brethren in their forest homes yet even this calamity has been tempered and in a manner sanctified by the generous compassion for the sufferers which has been called forth throughout our land. For all these

things, it is well that the voice of the nation should go up to God in devout homage.

Wherefore I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, do recommend that all the people observe Thursday, the 24th day of November instant, as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer by ceasing so far as may be from their secular labors, and meeting in their several places of worship, there to join in ascribing honor and praise to Almighty God, whose goodnes has been so mani-fest in our history and in our lives, and offering

9,000, or ten times the normal rate of mortality for In witness I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed Done at the city of Washington this fourth day
of November in the year of our Lord
one thousand eight hundred and eighty[L. 8.] one and of the independence of the
United States the one hundred and sixth.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR. By the President of the United States: JAMES G. BLAINE,

The United States Army. ANNUAT REPORT OF GEN. SHERMAN-INCREASE OF THE ARMY RECOMMENDED.

Secretary of State.

Gen. Sherman has submitted his annual report to the Secretary of War, enclosing the reports of Gens. Drum and Sackett and the reports of the commanding generals of the divisions and departments. Gen. Sherman says, referring to the reports of the latter, that they all show that our companies are too small for efficient discipline and for economical service. When the national treasury was poor and loaded with debt, the army endeavored to gracefully submit to over-work, but now, says Gen. Saerman, they appeal for relief, and it is recommended that Congress repeal that clause of the existing law which limits the enlisted force of the army at 25,000 men. Considerable space is devoted to a discussion of the subject of officers servants. General Sherman maintaining that no soldier should ever be compelled to domenial labor without compensation without his own consent, and he recommends that the existing law be repealed or modified so as to secure this end. Referring to West Point, he says it has been and must continue to be the fountain source of military education in time of peace. In his judgment the military academy at West Point fulfills its uses, and can safely be entrusted to prepare boys to become soldiers of the future.

Potomac River Improvement. The work of dredging the river below the Long Bridge, involving the widening of the channel and adding to its depth between the bridge and the arsenal point, has already been commenced by the National Dredging company. As has before been stated in The Star, the tramway for carrying the mud over on the flats has already been completed by Mr. Ely, of Baltimore, and for the past ten or twelve days a dredging machine has been employed in excavating an approach way to the tramway. It is expected that the cars and locomotive for conveying the mud will be placed upon the tramway this week, as they are almost completed. The iron rails have been laid and a switch

constructed alongside the tramway.

District Government Affairs. Coroner Patterson's report of bodies viewed and inquests held during the month of October shows fifty-four cases altogether. Proposals have been invited from the District engineer's office for constructing a sewer from 9th street and Virginia avenue southwest to the Tiber

creek sewer. The Commissioners have notified the president of the Belt line railroad that the roadway of 11th street, between N and O northwest, must be paved Major Brock, of the police department, has re-commended to the Commissioners the changing of the position of a lamp and an additional lamp

Nailor's alley, between 4th and 5th and K and L streets northwest, which alley is reported to be a resort for thieves and other bad characters. BUILDING PERMITS issued by Inspector Entwisle: R. H. Lansdall, erect a two-story dwelling, Q, between 16th and 17th streets northwest; \$3,000. Miss M. K. Simpson, erect a private stable, Massachusetts avenue, between 9th and 10th streets; \$800. Wm. Kibby,

repair brick 637 Louisiana avenue northwest; \$500. TELEGRAPH OPERATORS COMBINING.—A meeting of telegraphers was held yesterday, at which twenty-five operators in the employment of the Western Union Company and representatives of the Mutual Union and private lines in the city were present. It was decided that they would open negotiations looking to an alliance with the national organization already in existence.

petition with regular telegraphers.

ARRESTED FOR AN OUTRAGEOUS ASSAULT ON A LITTLE GIRL.—Justus Schmidt, alias G. W. Smith, alias Joseph W. Smith, was arrested last night by the police of South Washington, charged with making an outrageous assault on an eight year old girl, near the arsenal. The little girl's name is Mary C. Meyer, and she is the daughter of Mr. John Meyer. She went to the arsenal about four o'clock to visit friends and was waylaid by Smith He had succeeded in tearing her underclothing from her body when her screams attracted the attention of a lady. An alarm was in stantly given and Smith was put under arrest by Officer Wilson. Smith was arrested a few weeks ago for exposing his person. At the first police station a book-peddler's license was found on the accused. In the Police Court, this morning, he was called up and charged with intent to rape the little girl, and pleaded "not guilty." He is a tall square built man, with a heavy dark mustache, and was dressed in a blue cloth suit of clothes. The little girl, Mary C. Meyers, bright and pretty, and nine years old, was called to the stand and i a very intelligent way testified that she lives at 1255 Union street, South Washington, and went to the arsenal between 2 and 3 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, with Mrs. Barbara Blake, and took Mrs. Blake's baby out, and was walking up and down in the sunshine, with the baby, when this ma The thirteenth annual report of the directors of asked her to walk with him and she refused to do so, and he promised to give her some candy and she still refused, when he caught hold of her and made the assault on her and tore her underclothwill be read to-morrow evening at the meeting. ing. Officer Wilson testified to arresting Schmidt It contains the address of the president, John E. at the arsenal gate in custody of a sentry. The case was sent to the grand jury, and Schmidt was committed in default of \$1,000 bonds.

THE TEMPERANCE WORKERS.—A spirited meeting music. Addresses were made by Mrs. Henry, of Illinois, and Miss Cleveland, of Dakota.—The East Washington Dashaway Club met last evening at Odd Fellows' Hall, navy yard, a large attendance being present. Spirited addresses were made by President A. Eagleston, Mr. George Lawrence of Ohio, Capt. D. McCathran, Frank Reeside, Col. Hawkes and others. The choir was led by Mr. and

Mrs. Seymour. Affairs in Alexandria.

Reported for The Evening Star.

Election Eve.—The preliminary work of preparation for the election is now being finished up here. Both committees are busy, so far the delinquent capitation taxes are far in arrear. Several hundred remain to be paid. This morning: Col. Mayre, to whom most of the white delinquents pay, received about forty. Mr. R. S. Windsor, the special collector, had received none, but it was expected that many would be paid during the day. The liquor saloons will all be closed at sunset this evening, and not allowed to open again until sunrise on Wednesday morning.

Death.—Tim Dulaney, long the baggage agent on the Washington and Ohio Railroad, died Saturday and was buried at Falls Church yesterday. Mr. D. had one of his feet mashed on the train some months ago and died from the effects of his injuries. He had been connected with the road some short time after its opening, and was universally popular. Reported for THE EVENING STAR.

sally popular.

REPORTER'S NOTES.—There were two cases only—disorderlies at the station-house—this morning.

—A revival of religion is in progress at the Washing street M. E. church.

RANGE OF THE THERMOMETER The following are the readings of the thermometer at the Signal Office during the day: 7 a.m., deg.; 11 a.m., 52.5 deg.; 2 p.m., 53.5 deg. Maximum 58.9 deg.; minimum, 48.4 deg.

DEATH OF AN INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTOR-Commissioner Raum to-day received a dispatch

announcing the death yesterday afternoon at 4:20 o'clock of Internal Revenue Collector N. J. Strong at Auburn, New York. Deceased had been in office since May 20th, 1873. Chief Deputy Chiverton has taken charge of the office until a successor to the deceased is appointed.